

## INVESTIGATE, IS CRY OF GEORGIA PAPERS

Want Prison Inquiry and Real Prosecution of the Lynchers.

### HINTS OF COLLUSION

The newspapers of Georgia continue to lament on the disgrace heaped upon the State by the lynching of Leo Frank.

For the most part they demand a thorough investigation of the State prison farm and a real hunt and prosecution of the lynchings.

But the opinion seems to be that any investigation will amount to nothing and that the lynchings will never be caught.

### PUNISH THE GUILTY.

Atlanta "Journal" Says Anarchy Must Be Crushed.

ATLANTA, Aug. 18.—The Atlanta Journal says of the Frank lynching:

"The mob that committed this crime does not represent the decency and intelligence of Georgia any more than any mob represents the decency and intelligence of any State. But this mob does represent a savage, anarchistic impulse that will wax hydra-headed and uncontrollable unless it is crushed. The individuals guilty of this outrage must be brought to justice and made an everlasting example."

"As the chief custodian of the State's honor and law, it is the Governor's solemn duty to investigate this crime to its blackest bottom and to exhaust every resource at his command to see that the guilty are punished and the State's integrity vindicated."

The Georgia says:

"Much will be said and written of the lynching, much that will be ineffective and of no account because of the passion and vehemence behind it. It seems to the Georgian that right now is a poor time to indulge in hysterical and insincere words."

"The Governor has said that he proposes to go to the bottom of this horrible affair. Let us have patience that he may do so, and let us have faith to believe that he will."

### PRISON HEADS SCORED.

Macon "News" Says Too That Lynchers Will Not Be Prosecuted.

MACON, Ga., Aug. 18.—The following editorial on the Frank case appears in the Macon News to-night:

"The lynching of Leo M. Frank was a most deplorable affair. Every true citizen of Georgia regrets the occurrence. If the prison officials had been able to guard the mob never would have been able to break into the State penitentiary. After all the boasts of the prison commission, the warden and the superintendent as to how well Frank would be protected, it is inconceivable how they should have failed to protect him. It is a disgrace to the State that they should have failed to protect him."

"Members of the mob will never be prosecuted, nor will any effort be made to apprehend them. The Governor may offer rewards to the mob, but he cannot investigate, but like all other similar occurrences, no results will be accomplished."

"The News is of the opinion that the least said about the matter from now on the better."

### HINT OF COLLUSION.

Savannah "Press" Discusses "Whitewash" of Prison Officials.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 18.—The Savannah Press continues to hint at collusion between officials at the State Prison and the mob that lynched Frank. Discussing the "whitewash" of officials by the Prison Commission, following the recent attack on Frank by Green, the Press says:

"The State seems to want to have affairs investigated at the prison farm. The Commissioners have already written a clean bill of health for all concerned. They were on the ground and may be they knew just how sorely every body was when the mob came along."

The morning News, following a similar line, calls on the Governor for an investigation, and lays the blame for what has happened at the door of outsiders, who have been criticized for the conduct of the courts in the prosecution of Frank.

### NO RACE PREJUDICE.

Georgia Congressman Deplores Lynching—Thinks Frank Guilty.

COLORADO SPRING, Aug. 18.—Congressman Charles H. Crisp of America, Ga., in an interview here, said:

"As a law-abiding citizen of Georgia, I greatly deplore the lynching of Frank, as I regretted the horrible crime that aroused the people to such a frenzy, and which, in my opinion, and the majority of Georgians believe the same, he committed. I do not, of course, condone the act of the lynchers."

"I know that in Georgia there is no race prejudice against the Jews. Jews and gentiles engage in business in partnership. They intermarry and their social relations are of the pleasantest character. It was the belief that Mary Phagan, the poor little working girl, was assaulted and murdered by Frank, which caused the intense feeling against him and not race prejudice."

### COUNTRYWIDE INQUIRY.

Prominent New Yorkers to Raise Fund to Investigate Lynching.

A campaign to enable the whole country to have a share in bringing about the arrest and punishment of the men guilty of lynching Leo Frank was launched yesterday in the office of Isaac M. Levy, a commissioner of the New York Board of Education, in the Woolworth Building. Others present were Judge Edward S. Rhea, ex-Congressman William S. Bennett, Judge Roger Pryor, Congressman Walter M. Chandler and Harry Schlichter.

The committee announced that several of the most prominent clergymen in the country had promised active cooperation and delegates are expected from each State and the United States. A public subscription will be taken up to defray the expenses of expert investigators who will offer their services to Gov. Harris of Georgia. If the Georgia officials refuse their assistance, the investigators will report to the country at large just what efforts have been made to punish Leo Frank's abductors.

### CALL FOR W. J. BURNS.

Detective Asked to Hunt Lynchers by "Looney" Chief of Police.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 18.—A telegram was sent to Detective William J. Burns from Marietta yesterday which read as follows:

"Leo Frank was hanged here to-day, come quick and help investigate."

"H. H. LOONEY, Chief of Police."

Mr. Burns was driven from this town in 1912 when he was taken to investigate the Frank case.

Mr. Burns admitted that he had re-

## SLATON TELLS ATLANTA MAYOR HE WILL RETURN

Ex-Governor Calls Woodward's Speech an Invitation to More Lawlessness.

By Ex-Gov. JOHN M. SLATON.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 18.—I have defended Georgia and her good people everywhere and shall continue to do so. I was born in that State and I love her and her reputation. I shall return in accordance with my original intentions after having taken the first vacation I have enjoyed in fifteen years.

The inflammatory utterances of Mayor Woodward and of others who may make them for political purposes will not in the slightest deter me, nor will they affect my confidence in the people of Georgia.

I have read with amazement and shame the statements attributed to Mayor Woodward in his speech last night. In one breath he proposed to defend the fair name of Atlanta and of Georgia and in the next cast on them the most terrible odium and condemnation. I did not think that even politics would lead the Mayor into such a statement. Similar utterances made before the lynching naturally resulted in subsequent lawlessness.

Mayor Woodward in his speech posed as a defender of Georgia's honor and in the course of his speech suggested that the Governor, who had done what he believed right, could not with safety return to his native State within less than a year.

Such a statement is not only a gross reflection on the State, but is absurd and ridiculous, and it is further stimulative of the mob impulse coming from an official who should stand in favor of law and order. It is in accordance with the utterances of others who expect to utilize the Frank case as a basis for political argument and as an asset for dominating the politics of Georgia. It is horrible to think that a human life could be made a football of politics, however.

Seven hours before Mayor Woodward spoke I declared that the genius of Georgia was represented by the church, the schoolhouse and the court house, and the tenderness of the people for the rights of the humblest citizen caused them to give the Governor the power to maintain the law and to have all the murderers at the station when he arrived. I repeat what I declared yesterday, that in my judgment, the lynching of Leo M. Frank would condemn any lawless action. I think Mayor Woodward's statement is an affront to

colored the telegram. He said he thought it was a joke. But if he thought the telegram had been sent in good faith he said he "would write to the Looney, chief of police, at once saying that he would leave on the first train and to have all the murderers at the station when he arrived."

He called the lynchings "those miserable, murdering skunks," and said the chief of police was drunk along with the rest of them at the time."

YOUTH HELD AS \$3,000 THIEF.

Accused of Robbing Eighth Avenue Jewelry Store.

George Jagielski, 16, of 321 East Seventy-fifth street, held by the police to be the leader of a gang of window breakers, was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Levy of the West Side court, charged with looting the window of the jewelry store of George Ryan, 706 Eighth avenue, on March 11 last. More than \$5,000 worth of jewelry was taken.

Jagielski asked for an adjournment until to-morrow and Magistrate Levy fixed his bail at \$10,000 at the request of detectives, who said they also have a list of names of Jagielski's cohorts in jewelry store robbery in Hoboken.

According to the police Jagielski is the leader of a band of window smashers who have been connected with robberies which the loot amounted to many thousands of dollars.

### EXPLOSION ON YACHT; 3 HURT.

Boy of Five May Be Blinded for Life—Hunt for Leak.

Three persons were seriously injured last night and it is believed, one may lose his eyes for life, when an explosion occurred aboard the auxiliary power boat Fantia, a \$5,000 craft, at anchor in Rockaway Creek.

The explosion was caused by Edward White of East Rockaway. He was in search of a gasoline leak with a lighted match when the explosion occurred.

The blast hurled White through the deck of the boat, and he fell 5 years old, was knocked down and the flames scorched his eyes. Benjamin Ammerman, 10 years old, was burned about the face and hands.

White, although badly injured, managed to drag the boys away from the boat and summon physicians.

### ARREST IN \$8,000 CASE.

Alleged Embezzler Has \$16 When Taken Into Custody.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Aug. 18.—Albert Mayall, alias Merrill, who is wanted at Camden, N. J., on a charge of embezzling \$8,000 from the Adams Express Company, was arrested here to-day.

The prisoner was formerly an express messenger between Camden and Philadelphia. A short time ago a package containing \$8,000 was stolen and Mayall disappeared about the same time. Detectives traced him to this city, where he has a brother.

At the time of his arrest he had \$16. Mayall is said to have spent money freely since coming here.

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## INQUIRY INTO FRANK HANGING BEGINS TO-DAY

Continued from First Page.

proper civil authorities notified me of the danger, or had I received any information that such an attack would be made."

Then the Governor said that any armed body of men of as great a number as twenty-five could easily gain entrance to the State farm.

Gov. Harris was in receipt of telegrams from many New York newspapers requesting a statement concerning the lynching and the steps to be taken to discover the lynchers. The Governor will give out his statement to-morrow. Numbers of letters were received at the Governor's office from people in various parts of the country urging the Governor to go to the bottom of the lynching.

One, Michael W. Heinz, a Cincinnati lawyer, in a letter to Gov. Harris, used the phrase:

"It is to be regretted that the Dixie highway is so thorough Marietta, Ga."

The identity of at least one member of the mob that lynched Leo Frank is likely to be disclosed through a pair of nickel plated handcuffs which were left Monday night on the wrists of Supt. J. E. Burke of the prison farm at Marietta, where when the mob sped away with Frank.

These handcuffs, according to a statement made by Chairman E. B. Davidson of the State Prison Commission, are stamped with the serial number of the manufacturer, and the chairman states that he has been informed that the means of the serial number on the handcuffs the purchaser can readily be ascertained.

### THROWNS VISIT SCENE.

Question Prison Officials Until They Are Exhausted.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Aug. 18.—Hundreds of people from all parts of Georgia came here to-day personally to go over the ground that the lynchers of Leo Frank went on Monday night, when the State's most noted prisoner was kidnapped and put to death. They came by train, by automobile and in carriages.

Warden Smith and Supt. Burke were surrounded by these crowds throughout the day and were forced to repeat again and again the story of how they were held up. To-night both men are exhausted by their experience.

"There isn't a thing more that I can say," said Warden Smith to-night. "The newspapers have had my statement. I gave them everything that happened here, told them how the mob held me up, handcuffed me and got away with Frank in six minutes. There is nothing more to be said."

The crowd that has been coming here to-day has been orderly. They wanted more information. But I couldn't give them any more news on the case. I just repeated the same old story. If there is to be an inquiry there is nothing more that I say or that they can say."

Capt. Burke, superintendent of the prison farm, was asked if it was true that the leader of the mob said that he would give \$5,000 to each of the crowd if they got in trouble. He replied: "I didn't hear any such remark."

He, too, said that he had told all that he knew of the case in his statement given out yesterday.

The crowds here to-day went inside the prison, with the permission of the warden, and they saw the barred window that had been closed by the mob. After that they refused to open the gates, where Frank was when he was seized by the mob and dragged by his hair, arms and legs to the waiting automobile. There were no Frank sympathizers in these crowds.

### CATHOLICS REELECT WHALEN.

New Yorker Again Chosen President of Federated Societies.

TOLSON, Ohio, Aug. 18.—The American Federation of Catholic Societies elected John Whalen, New York, president of its fourteenth annual convention here to-day with the election of officers. The 1916 convention will be held in New York.

The following were elected: President, John Whalen, New York; (re-elected); first vice-president, Thomas P. Flynn, Chicago; second vice-president, J. A. Collier, Shalope, Minn.; third vice-president, Joseph Frey, New York; fourth vice-president, J. J. Hynes, Buffalo; fifth vice-president, Joseph McLaughlin, Philadelphia; sixth vice-president, A. T. Brennan, Boston; secretary, Anthony Matre, Chicago; treasurer, C. H. Schulte, Detroit; marshal, Anthony Kuhn, Victoria, Kan.

The following were elected to constitute the executive board: Thomas H. Cannon, Chicago; Nicholas Gonner, Duquesne, Pa.; F. W. Immekus, Pittsburgh; Daniel Duffy, Pottsville, Pa.; C. W. Wallace, Columbus, Ohio; H. Cunningham, Boston; C. J. Denchard, New Orleans; F. W. Heckenkamp, Quincy, Ill.; Frederick W. Mansfield, Boston.

### FIRE SCARE AT THE PLAZA.

Blaze in Storage Building Blocks Fifth Avenue Traffic.

The Plaza Hotel received a slight scare last evening from a fire which started in a general storage building at 7 West Fifty-eighth street, two doors west of the hotel.

Paints and oils used in alterations on the top floors are believed to have started the fire. Traffic on Fifth avenue was blocked by the crowds several minutes. The damage was slight.

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Stores marked with a \* also carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00 shoes for Women

## here for assistance after the lynching party got Frank.

Nearly Left Two Behind.

The lynchers almost left two of their number guarding Warden Smith. These two men were forgotten by the mob and the cars were on their way when the men were missed and the automobile returned for them.

"If these men had not been called for," remarked Chairman Davidson, "we would have something to work upon, but as it is, there isn't much we can do at this point. The method of procedure will be decided upon at Atlanta, where Commissioner Rainey has gone. Commissioner Patterson is in Columbus to-night. He will go from there to Atlanta early in the morning."

Inasmuch as the Coroner's jury at Marietta has taken a recess until Tuesday there are many people in Georgia who are suggesting that the inquiry be transferred to Milledgeville, the scene of the greatest activity in the kidnapping of Frank. While it was admitted last night that the Frank lynchings had plotted to remove Leo Frank from prison, they cut Frank's throat in various places when they got Frank, it is not believed now that Green will be left in the hands of the lynchers.

Prior to the attack on Frank Green had made a request for pardon. This request is still on file with the Prison Commission.

Prison officials here to-night that the members of the lynching party from Cobb county had been training for the attack on the State prison ever since Frank was taken there.

Rehearsed Their Act.

From Eatonton came the story that a string of automobiles, some of those that passed the night Frank was kidnapped, had passed through the village every Sunday for several weeks.

"We believe that these men were drilling, learning the route perfectly so that there would be no slip in their plans," said prison officials to-night.

"They had men on the scene here several days before the raid was made. The telegraph and telephone wires and crippling the prison farm automobiles. Why it was even impossible to get the local telegraph operator by telephone, because his line had been cut."

"The members of the party used signals so that their work was carried out with precision and without delay. The cars that were on five of the cars used by the lynchers were removed near Eatonton so that pursuers from Macon and Milledgeville were thrown off the track."

Commissioner Davidson, just before leaving here to-night, said that he had been informed that Gov. Harris would call the attention of the county authorities officially to the lynching of Frank. The Commissioner said a reward would be offered by the Governor following to-morrow's meeting of the commission.

### BODY HERE TO-DAY.

Funeral to Be Private—Plans Not Arranged Yet.

Leo Frank's body will arrive at the Pennsylvania station at 6 o'clock this morning and will be taken immediately to 122 E. 122nd street, where the Frank family is now residing. There, Mrs. Frank's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Frank, live with their married daughter, Mrs. Otto Stern, her husband and two children.

No announcement of funeral arrangements had been made last night, according to Otto Stern. It is the wish of the family, however, that the services be private.

Mr. Frank saw newspaper men for a few moments early in the day. She was weeping bitterly as she talked from the window of the gray house, the shades of which were drawn.

"My son belongs to me alone," she said. "That is all I care about just now. When he shall come to me, I want the funeral to be quiet, with only the family present. We wish for no demonstration, only wish to be let alone in our sorrow."

"Will it be an orthodox funeral?" asked a reporter from a Jewish paper. "I am a Jewess in heart and soul," replied Mrs. Frank, "I believe in God and I know that my son is innocent and is going straight to his Maker. But I have many Christian friends, and I would not wish to be too strictly Jewish."

She was asked about her feeling toward the men who had killed her son, but she hesitated to make such questions impatiently. She is not thinking of that now, she said, only of the fact that her boy is dead.

Her greatest desire now is to achieve privacy, at least until after the first sharpness of grief has been dulled by time. He said that the funeral arrangements had not been decided upon and spoke impatiently of the efforts to get interviews.

What good is it to tell me that everybody has sympathy for me? I demand, "I know that. You have a heart, young man, have you not? I do not want to be discourteous, but we feel that this is our private matter. We have received a great many telegrams of sympathy, but I cannot make these public or give out the names of the senders."

Mr. Frank said that Tuesday morning at about the time when Frank's body was found hanging from a tree the family had received a letter from him. The father declined to make this public, but it was learned from Mr. Stern that Frank wrote in a cheerful vein, saying that he had almost recovered from the wound received from William Hamm, the convict who tried to murder him, and would soon be well and about.

## SENTENCED TO CHAIR; HURLS SHOE IN COURT

Hyman Liebman, Convicted of Slaying His Child, Attacks One of Accusers.

Hyman Liebman, a tailor who was convicted of murder in the first degree on a charge of killing his seven-year-old daughter, Sadie, by throwing her from a fire escape at his home, 73 East Ninety-eighth street, on March 17 last, was sentenced by Judge Wadhams yesterday to die in the electric chair in the week beginning Sept. 27. Before sentence was pronounced Liebman upset the quiet of the court room by throwing one of his shoes at Charles Zusner, an agent of the Hebrew Desertion Society.

Zusner was accused by Liebman of being responsible for his plight, having brought him back from Texas, to which State he fled after being ordered by the court to pay his wife and children \$10 a month. The shoe struck Zusner under the left eye and made a slight wound.

Liebman, who had been examined by alienists and found sane, and pleaded guilty, asked permission to make an address. He said he knew the verdict was going to be against him, because he was a poor man. If he had money, he said, he could have got the jury to declare him insane. After talking for fifteen minutes he asked that he be executed on Sept. 16, his birthday, when he will be 38 years old.

Judge Wadhams denied this request, and after fixing the date of the execution, he directed that Liebman be taken to Sing Sing at once. Liebman admitted that he killed his child and said he intended to kill his five-year-old son Samuel, who he also threw off the fire escape. The boy will be crippled for life as a result of his injuries. Liebman gave as a reason for getting rid of the children that he could not give them a good home and did not want to see them grow up in poverty.

### ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Some of the Latest Names Placed on the Registers.

Manhattan—G. H. Starratt, Jacksonville, Fla.; E. G. Baldwin, Geneva, N. Y.; F. F. Barkow, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ifan, Yonkers; M. P. Greene, Alexandria, Va.; D. L. Thompson, Porto Rico.

Prince George—Parker R. Waite, Evanston, Ill.; A. A. Stewart, Cincinnati; E. G. Glavin, Chicago; A. B. Brown, Chevy Chase, Md.; C. W. Perry, St. Louis; W. E. Long, Chicago.

Albert—E. D. Garrison, Dallas, Tex.; J. H. Murphy, Danbury; Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Nelson, Wilmington, Del.; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. A. Merritt, Pensacola, Fla.; Fred A. Havens, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. James Boland, Scranton, Pa.

Knickerbocker—Mrs. George Mott, Scranton, Pa.; W. T. Johnson, Erie, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Odell, San Francisco; Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Robertson, Chicago.

Netherland—Mr. and Mrs. John Dugan, Chicago; William Ferguson, Philadelphia.

Breslin—Richard B. Bippert, Baltimore; R. E. Bock, New Orleans.

Martineau—Joseph K. Hill, Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. Stier Cuthbertson, Bowling Green, Ky.; Ridgeway Bishop, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. John A. Merritt, Pensacola, Fla.; Fred A. Havens, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. James Boland, Scranton, Pa.

THE GIRL WHO SMILES

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